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**Blue Paper** 

# Commercial supply chain and hydrogen strategy roadmap for Asia Pacific - South Korea

Part-12 (Global demand clusters, international trade and development hydrogen strategy roadmaps for different geographies)



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# South Korea is betting big on hydrogen. The market size of Korea is anticipated to reach Korean Won (KRW) 26.8 Trillion by 2030

### S.KOREA

The hydrogen economy is of key strategic importance to Korea, a country lacking in both conventional and easily exploitable renewable energy resources. Its industrial gases industry has long been influenced by Japanese, American and German technologies and standards, but as hydrogen begins to play a more transformative role in the broader economy, Korea is keen to ensure it has greater control over the technologies and standards that will underpin that transition. Building on this, the Korean government announced its Hydrogen Economy Roadmap in 2019. The roadmap aims to deploy 15GW of utility-scale and 2.1GW of commercial and residential fuel cells by 2040. In terms of mobility, the goal is to have 5.9 million fuel cell cars and 60,000 fuel cell buses on the road by 2040 all supported by 1,200 hydrogen refuelling stations.

The announcement of Korea's Green New Deal in July 2020 - a coronavirus stimulus plan outlining KRW 74 trillion (£47bn) in 'green' public-private capital investment by 2025 - should help the country on its way to achieving these aggressive long-term goals. Korea's hydrogen industry is forecast to almost double in size from KRW 14.1 trillion (£9.1bn) in 2020 to KRW 26.8 trillion (£17.3bn) by 2030. This growth will be driven by investments from large local players such as Hyundai and Doosan who increasingly see hydrogen as a key growth engine. Hyundai Motors intends to spend KRW 7.6 trillion (£4.9bn) under its 'Fuel Cell Vision 2030' programme and looks well placed to capitalise on its earlymover advantage in fuel cells, both by selling its own vehicles and by licensing its fuel cell systems to OEMs around the world.

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Korea Gas Corporation (KOGAS) laid out its 2030 H2 business development targets in May 2019, construction of 25 H2 production plants , more than 700 km of H2 pipelines and operation of 110 HRS and 500 H2 tube trailers by 2030

- KOGAS

connected to RE by 2030

# Hydrogen strategy roadmap and targets for S.Korea – A landscape view till 2030

	Hydrog	en Utilization Objective	Hydrogen Supply Objective				
A. Mobility			A. Hydrogen Supply				
Objective <sup>-</sup>		Taxis – 120,000 units by 2040 to expand across country	Objective		Hydrogen Supply – 5.26 Million Tones/ Year		
	( A	Refuelling Stations – 1,200 by 2040 with localisation upto 100%		In	Note- Installation cost down to KRW 7.1m (£4,600)/kW Hydrogen Cost – KRW 3000 for large scale electrolyser		
		Buses - 60,000 units by 2040 that can run for 800,000 kms		\$ ну кі			
		Trucks - 120,000 units by 2040 with localisation upto 100%	B. National	(£ l Core Techn	(£1.9)/kg Technology Plan		
B. Energy					Current Status	Target	
Objective	лĨ	FC Power Plants - 15 GW by 2040	Technology	SMR	System Design small scale	System Efficiency 78% (HHV) by 2030	
		Residential FC- 2.1 GW by 2040		Water	Design stage of		
\$20		Anticipated government investment in South Korea for		Electrolysi s	the development of 1MW original technology and stack technology	100MW system; System Efficiency 50kWh/kg-H2; Dozens of MWs of P2H technology development	

hydrogen development till 2030

### Hydrogen strategy roadmap and targets for S.Korea – A landscape view till 2030 (Contd.)

### Landscape of Hydrogen in S.Korea as on 2021



Key industry archetypes focused in Korea for hydrogen usage



Power Transport

Key hydrogen suppliers in S. Korea and their market share

Buildings

		1%		
Company Name	Capacity (NM3/hr)	7%		
Deokyang	150,000			
SPG Hydrogen	65,000	16% 49%		
Air Liquide	53,000	25%		
SDG	21,300			
Changshin	5,200	<ul> <li>Deokyang</li> <li>SPG Hydrogen</li> <li>Air Liquide</li> </ul>		
Linde	3,200	SDG Changshin		
Daesung	2,000	Linde Daesung		

Hyundai is indeed well – positioned to become a fuel cell system supplier to the bus OFMs in Korea. However, we cannot deny the fact that this might put us at risk of becoming dependent on our competitor when it comes to the critical technology. Therefore, we are also considering the option of a foreign supplier for the development of our own fuel cell bus

\_ Mr. Chihwan KIM, **Director of Purchasing** Divison (Edison Motors)

**Key Demand Centers** 





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